

Selective Bfl-1 Peptides

Technology #18607

Applications

Peptide inhibitors of Bfl-1, an anti-apoptotic protein, allow for selective targeting of Bfl-1 dependent cancer cells in therapeutic treatment. Selective peptides may also be used as Bfl-1-detection reagents. This allows for cellular profiling for anti-apoptotic protein dependency, thus potentially acting as a diagnostic tool for stratifying patients.

Problem Addressed

Many cancer cells overexpress anti-apoptotic Bcl-2 family proteins that confer resistance to chemotherapy treatment. Selective inhibitors of Bcl-2 are available in clinic to treat Bcl-2 dependent cancers. However, such tools are missing for Bfl-1. Selective inhibitors allow for selective targeting of Bfl-1 dependent cancer cells while limiting systemic toxicity.

Technology

Selective peptide inhibitors of Bfl-1 were identified by screening for sequence variants of the BH3 motif of PUMA, a highly potent binder of Bcl-2 family members. Peptides were designed using computational analysis followed by experimental screening that identified peptides with high affinity for Bfl-1 yet weakened interactions with other anti-apoptotic proteins. The lead peptide inhibitors are >100-fold selective for binding to Bfl-1 binding over other anti-apoptotic proteins of Bcl-2 family. Selectivity towards Bfl-1 was further augmented by modifying the peptide inhibitors with electrophiles to allow for covalent interaction in the binding pocket of Bfl-1. The selectivity of the peptide Bfl-1 inhibitors in a cellular context was confirmed by the relative mitochondrial depolarization or cytochrome-c release after peptide treatment of Bfl-1 dependent cells vs. other anti-apoptotic protein dependent cells.

Advantages

- The peptide inhibitors are potent and selective towards Bfl-1 with >100-fold selectivity over other anti-apoptotic proteins
- The peptide inhibitors can also be used as diagnostic tools to profile cells for Bfl-1 dependency

Categories For This Invention:

[Life Sciences](#)

[Clinical Applications](#)

[Oncology](#)

[Diagnostics](#)

[Protein](#)

[Research Tools](#)

[Protein & Protein Chemistry](#)

255 Main Street, room NE 18-501

Cambridge, MA 02142-1601

Phone: 617-253-6966 Fax: 617-258-6790

<http://tlo.mit.edu>

Contact the Technology Manager: tlo-inquiries@mit.edu

Screening Assays
Therapeutics
Peptide

Intellectual Property:

Selective Bfl-1 peptides
US Patent Pending
2019-0185531

Inventors:

Amy Keating
Justin Jenson

Publications:

Epistatic Mutations in PUMA BH3 Drive an Alternate Binding Mode to Potently and Selectively Inhibit Anti-apoptotic Bfl-1.
Elife
2017 Jun 8;6. pii: e25541. doi: 10.7554/eLife.25541.

External Links:

Keating Lab
<https://keatinglab.mit.edu/>

Image Gallery:

