

## **Flexible, Tunable, Sewable Energy Storage Device**

Technology #17262

### **Applications**

High energy/power density (micro)supercapacitors have applications in fast actuators, radio frequency transmitters (such as in cellphones), photo-flash lights, etc. Yarn-based (micro)supercapacitors are excellent for use in wearable and flexible devices.

### **Problem Addressed**

The large ion-accessible surface area of carbon-based nanomaterials such as carbon nanotubes and graphene enables miniature high-performance supercapacitors with high power and energy densities. However, metal nanowires such as niobium nanowires show higher specific capacitance and energy/power densities than that of most carbon-based EDL supercapacitors. Furthermore, niobium nanowires, in form of long yarns, are stronger and 100 times more conductive than multiwall carbon nanotube yarns and are highly chemically stable suitable for wearable technologies.

### **Technology**

Niobium nanowires are fabricated via a mechanical drawing process as described in the published papers <sup>(1,2)</sup>. Two different designs are fabricated and tested: 1) yarn-based supercapacitors for flexible and wearable devices <sup>(1)</sup>; 2) rigid surface mount micro-supercapacitor devices for use on printed circuit boards <sup>(2)</sup>.

The yarn-based supercapacitor devices showed peak power and energy densities of up to  $55 \text{ W}\cdot\text{cm}^{-3}$  and  $7 \text{ mWh}\cdot\text{cm}^{-3}$  which are 2 and 5 times higher than that for state-of-the-art CNT yarns, respectively <sup>(1)</sup>. Theoretical volumetric capacitance values were found to be  $1.5\times 10^7 \text{ F}\cdot\text{m}^{-3}$ , which is 3 times higher than that of the MWCNT yarns.

The rigid surface mount micro-supercapacitor devices showed specific capacitance of up to  $1 \text{ kF}\cdot\text{m}^{-2}$  ( $100 \text{ mF}\cdot\text{cm}^{-2}$ ) with peak energy and power density of  $2 \text{ kJ}\cdot\text{m}^{-2}$  ( $6.2 \text{ MJ}\cdot\text{m}^{-3}$  or  $1.7 \text{ mWh}\cdot\text{cm}^{-3}$ ) and  $150 \text{ kW}\cdot\text{m}^{-2}$  ( $480 \text{ MW}\cdot\text{m}^{-3}$  or  $480 \text{ W}\cdot\text{cm}^{-3}$ ), respectively <sup>(2)</sup>. This remarkable power density, originating from the extremely low equivalent series resistance value of  $0.27 \Omega$  ( $2.49 \mu\Omega\cdot\text{m}^2$  or  $24.9 \text{ m}\Omega\cdot\text{cm}^2$ ) and large specific capacitance, is among the highest for planar micro-supercapacitors electrodes made of nanomaterials <sup>(2)</sup>.

To boost the performance the nanowires were coated with pseudo-capacitive materials such as conducting polymers (e.g., poly(3,4-ethylenedioxythiophene) or PEDOT). It was also demonstrated that gels doped with acid (e.g. polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) with sulfuric acid) can be used for making solid-state devices (i.e., liquid electrolyte free cells).

### **Advantages**

- Increases capacitance, energy per volume, strength and conductivity.
- Niobium nanowire yarns are hypoallergenic, chemically stable, biocompatible, and bioinert.

- Niobium nanowire yarns are flexible, tunable, and sewable.

## Categories For This Invention:

Electronics & Circuits

Nanowires (Electronics & Circuits)

Energy

Energy Storage

Materials

Micro & Nanotech

Nanowires (Micro & Nanotech)

Medical Devices

Life Sciences

Biotechnology

Other (Biotechnology)

## Intellectual Property:

High-performance supercapacitors based on metal nanowire yarns

Issued US Patent

9,865,404

High-performance supercapacitors based on metal nanowire yarns

Issued US Patent

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## Publications:

High-Performance Supercapacitors from Niobium Nanowire Yarns

ACS Applied Materials and Interfaces

2015

Vertically Aligned Niobium Nanowire Arrays for Fast-Charging Micro-Supercapacitors

Advanced Materials

2017

## External Links:

BioInstrumentation Lab

<http://bioinstrumentation.mit.edu/>

## Image Gallery:

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