

Asymmetry of Multi-electron Transfer Kinetics in Oxygen Electrocatalysis and its Application for Highly Active Catalyst Design

Technology #14882

Applications

Applications include hydrogen fuel cells and solar-driven water splitting electrolyzer.

Problem Addressed

This technology overcomes these current problems:

- Oxygen evolution reaction (OER) and oxygen reduction reaction (ORR) are two limiting processes that each contributes to ~0.4 V loss
- Cost and scarcity of noble metal oxide catalysts is prohibitive for practice applications

Technology

The invention describes a method to design efficient, abundant, non-precious-metal catalysts for OER. The design principle looks to develop a more active OER catalyst by engineering the eg filling to a value of ~1.3-1.4. With proper understanding, tuning surface electronic features like the transition metal eg filling is a promising strategy to develop highly active non-precious-metal containing oxide catalysts that can have higher activity than state-of-the-art precious metal-containing material.

Advantages

- Highly active non-precious-metal containing oxide catalysts for O₂ electrocatalysis
- Step toward implementation of hydrogen-based renewable energy
- More cost-effective

Categories For This Invention:

Energy

Fuel Cells

Solar

Photosynthesis

Intellectual Property:

Electrochemical methods and systems using catalytic materials

Issued US Patent

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Publications:

A Perovskite Oxide Optimized for Oxygen Evolution Catalysis from Molecular Orbital Principles
Science

9 December 2011; Vol. 334 no. 6061 pp. 1383-1385

Highly Efficient Oxygen Catalyst Found

MIT News

October 28, 2011

External Links:

Electromechanical Energy Laboratory

<http://web.mit.edu/eel/>

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